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TELEPHONE NO. 240.

MORE ABOUT RICHEY

Dr. Babcock and Pope Advise Against Parole—W. R. Richey and J. Frank Clinkscales Make Statements.

Columbia, July 28.—There was a new phase of the Gus Richey case Tuesday when his brother, W. R. Richey, made a statement insisting that the health certificate handed by him to the governor was signed by Dr. A. B. Knowlton and Dr. Jas. H. McIntosh.

There was a serious conflict in the report of Richey's statement and one given out by J. Frank Clinkscales, formerly a lawyer of Abbeville and now of Spartanburg. Mr. Richey says nothing of Dr. McIntosh having made an unsatisfactory statement and Mr. Clinkscales does. Following is Mr. Clinkscales' statement:

Clinkscales' Statement.
"My attention has been called to the dispute between Dr. James H. McIntosh and Gov. Blease as to the genuineness of the signature purporting to be that of Dr. James H. McIntosh signed to the Richey certificate. I was employed to assist in securing pardon or parole from Gov. Blease for R. A. Richey, who had been convicted at Abbeville of statutory rape. I had represented Mr. Richey at his trial in court of general session and after the supreme court refused to grant him a new trial Mrs. E. A. Richey and W. R. Richey of Laurens requested me to assist them in securing a pardon or parole for Mr. Richey, whom I considered innocent and who in my opinion should never have been convicted if a fair trial had been accorded him.

"I know nothing of the statement of Dr. McIntosh, except I had my attention called to it while in the governor's office at Columbia and I wrote W. R. Richey at Laurens to see Dr. McIntosh and secure another and better certificate. I did not consider that the certificate he had given was strong enough and for that reason wanted a better certificate. I was not at the state penitentiary when the certificate was signed by Dr. McIntosh, nor have I ever seen Dr. McIntosh sign any statement, as I do not know the gentleman personally. All I know concerning this certificate was what I heard in regard to the same when I was in the office of Governor Blease when I was in Columbia and the certificate was obtained by W. R. Richey. I never saw this certificate and can not say whether it was written in handwriting or on a typewriter. I do not know Dr. McIntosh personally, nor did I know the exact date the sig-

nature was secured, but my impression now is that it was obtained about the first week in January."

(Dr. McIntosh said it was written on the 9th of January and the statement which has caused so much interest was dated January 19th.

Richey's Statement
In his statement, Mr. Richey speaks very handsomely of his belief in his brother's innocence. The statement says in part:

"That he also had Dr. A. B. Knowlton and Dr. James H. McIntosh to examine his brother, not as a committee appointed by Gov. Blease, but of his own volition, and that he received from these physicians, through the hands of Dr. A. B. Knowlton, the original certificate, which reads as follows—the headline thereof being in print and the body thereof in typewriting without any alterations, erasures or the slightest change whatsoever; that the body of this paper is in typewriting and the signatures to it are made by pen and ink; that he delivered this paper to Gov. Cole L. Blease at Abbeville, and at the Columbia campaign meeting (as published in the newspapers), is the same certificate that was delivered to him by Dr. A. B. Knowlton, and was immediately delivered by deponent to Gov. Cole L. Blease.

"That deponent now, at this moment holds in his hand the original paper, and that it is in exactly the same condition as when handed to deponent by Dr. A. B. Knowlton and as when handed to deponent by Gov. Blease. That deponent paid Dr. A. B. Knowlton for the services of Dr. McIntosh and Dr. Knowlton, and that deponent holds, in the personal handwriting of Dr. Knowlton, Dr. Knowlton's receipt for said fee."

The Richey statement concludes: "I cannot understand why Dr. McIntosh denies the genuineness of his signature and especially since waiting from the date of this certificate up until July, 1914, and after the death of Dr. A. B. Knowlton, when, as a matter of fact, the certificates have been on file during the entire time, and the governor, in his statement of paroles, pardons and communications, at the session of the general assembly, in 1913, presented said reasons to the senate, and the same are now a part of the

permanent files of the general assembly of 1913.

"My reasons for employing Dr. Knowlton and Dr. McIntosh were because they were men well known throughout the state, and had the reputation of being physicians of splendid ability and men of high character, and I felt that a certificate from them would have weight as coming from men high in the medical profession.

"I am thoroughly convinced that if I had the time and opportunity to get together all of my various papers and memorandums in this matter that I could easily and clearly establish the fact that this is the original signature of Dr. James H. McIntosh."

Columbia, July 27. That Dr. James W. Babcock had in 1911 urged Governor Blease not to liberate R. A. Richey serving sentence for a grave crime, from the penitentiary, and that he was concurred in this by Dr. D. S. Pope, who considered Richey a man dangerous to a community, were developments of particular interest in the exchange of statements between Dr. James H. McIntosh and Governor Blease relative to the governor's justification in physicians' reports of Richey's condition, for paroling Richey.

Dr. Babcock said that he told Governor Blease that "if you free that man you will have all the women of the state down on you. It is bad politics."

Dr. Babcock authorized the following: "Dr. James W. Babcock said yesterday that while superintendent of the State Hospital for Insane that he had reported to Governor Blease about the condition of R. A. Richey. He said that to the best of his recollection he had advised against Richey's release from the state penitentiary, where he was serving a sentence for a grave crime.

"Dr. Babcock further said that he had been approached more than twice by W. R. Richey, a brother of R. A. Richey who sought to have him examine R. A. Richey, but whose importuning was refused.

"When Governor Blease later asked Dr. Babcock to examine R. A. Richey in the company of L. D. S. Pope, and Dr. R. T. Jennings, the state penitentiary physician, he said he consented as he always did when directed by a governor to make such examination. After making the examination, Dr. Babcock said a report telling, in substance, that Richey should not be liberated from the penitentiary, was written, signed by him and presented to Governor Blease.

"In conversation with Governor Blease, Dr. Babcock not only told him not to liberate Richey but said "if you free that man you will have all the women in the state down on you. It is bad politics." He said he made this examination probably before similar examination was made by Dr. Jas. H. McIntosh, and about the close of 1911."

Pope Agrees With Babcock.
When Dr. D. S. Pope was asked regarding this visit with Dr. Babcock and Dr. Jennings to the state penitentiary to examine R. A. Richey, he stated that the facts related in the statement of Dr. Babcock, which is printed above, were true to the best of his remembrance.

Dr. Pope further said: "I was satisfied that Richey was a malingerer and was even more emphatic than Dr. Babcock that he should not be liberated from the state penitentiary. I believed he would be dangerous to the state if at liberty. A man whose mental condition is so low as was Richey's should be taken care of by the state. I went there at the request of Governor Blease, brought to me through Dr. Babcock, as I understood it at that time, and signed the report in that capacity."

SINBAD MUSES

Says That Tillman Is Behind the "Aiken Plan"

Editor The Intelligencer:
The big pitchfork is piling up the hay. Watch the "Aiken plan" sift out the chaff. The proposition is plain. Senator Tillman has between eight and twelve thousand blind followers who will always vote as he directs. He can, by holding that bunch intact and separate, put any anti-Blease candidate he wants to in the second race. He wants Mr. Manning and Mr. Manning will get his solid support; whether they hold that elimination convention next Friday or not. I saw a private letter, recently from Senator Tillman relative to Richards' "come out" for Blease in which Tillman said: "John Richards is a good man and means well, but his judgment has left him astray. He will regret it all his life."

I have seen other letters, too, from Tillman, and some from those close to Tillman and some from men with whom he has an understanding, though ostensibly on the "outs." I knew when Richards declared for Blease that he could not deliver Tillman's support, and that his adoption by us would only weaken us, and that he was not sincere in his eleven-hour professions of conversion, and that there was a hidden and sinister purpose in it all, so I refused to in any manner accept him.

My exposure of Richards has blocked that game. Now, Senator Tillman seeing it no longer possible to get two anti-Blease men in the second race, puts out through this so-called "Aiken plan" a proposition to eliminate all but one and unless his calculations go widely astray that one will be Richard I. Manning.

However with the injection of his "stalking horse," Richards, into the Blease ranks he has accomplished his purpose in scattering the covy by starting an inter-factional fight. Now he would strip down to one on the other side and win.

Unless we watch that move he has got us. We can't now all agree on any one of the Blease or near-Blease candidates now in the field. If they carry out their program, our only hope is to withdraw all four of them, and call on a staunch, able and prominent man, who is strong with the people of all classes, well identified with our cause and a powerful speaker to take their place and then support him to the limit.

W. P. BEARD,
Abbeville, July 28, 1914.

CAMPAIGN LIE-NAILED

V. B. Cheshire Says He Is For Blease For the Senate.
To the Voters of Anderson County:
For the purpose of injuring me, some scoundrels have circulated the report at Piedmont, Pelzer and other mills that I have turned against Gov. Blease. I brand this as a campaign lie and the circulators as a set of cowardly curs. Gov. Blease and myself are on the best of terms and there is no foundation for this yarn other than to injure me politically.

Respectfully,
V. B. CHESHIRE,
Candidate for Probate Judge.
(Advertisement.)

An English company has been formed to link forty cities and towns with motor bus lines in competition with railroads.

Banking By Women

This bank especially invites the accounts of women in both our Commercial and Savings Departments, as we give their accounts special attention. The stub of your check book will act at once as a record and a receipt, and this one book will show you at a glance just how much you are paying your butcher, grocer, milkman, iceman or dressmaker. We are always pleased to give the benefit of our experience in making loans and investments when you have money to invest. In the meantime, leave it on deposit with us. Interest paid on deposits. An account with this bank will be of service to you in a great many ways. Come to see us.

Farmers and Merchants Bank and Farmers Loan and Trust Co.
ANDERSON, S. C.

IN MEMORIAM

On the 5th of July, 1914, God spoke to the spirit of a devoted wife, a loving mother and an affectionate sister, Mrs. Myrtle Owen More, wife of Lloyd Moore of Central, S. C., or of Bishop Branch section.

She was the youngest daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Oswell Owen, so well loved and known in Anderson county. Her death was due to liver trouble and all that medical aid, loving relatives and attentive friends could do was done, but to no avail. God needed her in His mansion, it was ready for her and long ago she had taken out a policy in the great company of God, that never breaks, but lasts throughout all eternity.

We Beg to Announce

that Mr. E. P. Vandiver, formerly cashier Farmers and Merchants Bank of this city has been elected a vice president of this bank and will be actively connected with the management of the Bank on and after Aug. 1st, when he will be glad to have his friends call and see him.

Peoples Bank of Anderson

Lee G. Holleman,
President.

DON'T BUY THAT BUGGY or WAGON and HORSE or MULE

Until you have seen the ones I have for sale. If you want the best, say Piedmont Buggy or Millburn wagon.

Theo P. Watson
...Sales Stables...

R. McDUFFIE STREET ANDERSON, S. C.



They see the light. Heaviness in automobile construction was thought to be the right thing until Henry Ford built the light, strong Model T. That Ford's now outnumber any other car, three to one, proves that Henry Ford is right. And so now they're all advertising lightness. Place your order today.

Ford runabouts; this is the price of the fifty; the town car he touring car in five Detroit, complete woven, fifty—f. o. b. catalog and partition equipment. Get Todd, local dealer, from Archie L. Five hundred dollars Anderson, S. C.